

Practice  
Stage 5 Basic Facts No 5

Strategy: Addition to & Subtraction Facts from 20

$9 + 7 =$

$13 + 3 =$

$15 + \square = 20$

$8 - 5 =$

$\square + 6 = 18$

$11 + 2 =$

$19 - 4 =$

$10 - 3 =$

$3 + 16 =$

$3 + \square = 20$

$7 + 8 =$

$\square + 12 = 20$

$5 - 3 =$

$\square + 11 = 20$

$1 + \square = 11$

$11 + 7 =$

$9 + \square = 18$

$18 - 4 =$

$16 + 6 =$

$4 + \square = 20$

$10 - 8 =$

$10 - \square = 3$

$\square - 7 = 2$

$\square - 5 = 5$

$6 + 14 =$

$12 + \square = 20$

$7 + \square = 19$

$\square + 13 = 20$

$17 + 2 =$

$8 + 4 =$

$\square + 10 = 14$

$17 - 5 =$

$19 - 6 =$

$8 + 9 =$

$15 + 4 =$

$6 - 4 =$

Strategies for solving these problems:

- Use the addition and subtraction facts you already know.
- Split the teen number and add the ones. For example  
 $15 + \underline{\quad} = 20$  can be solved by adding splitting the 15 into 10 and 5 and then adding  
 $5 + 5$  to make 10.
- Make the first number up to 10 and then add on another 10 to make 20. For  
example  $6 + \underline{\quad} = 20$  can be solved by knowing that  $6 + 4 = 10$  and another 10  
equals 20, so the answer is 4.