

Practise

Stage 4 Basic Facts No 6

Strategy: Double and half facts mixed

$7 + 7 =$

$2 + 2 =$

$10 - 5 =$

$\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } 20 =$

$\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } 8 =$

$4 + 4 =$

$9 + 9 =$

$16 - 8 =$

$\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } 2 =$

$\text{Double } 7 =$

$\text{Double } 6 =$

$\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } 16 =$

$\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } 10 =$

$20 - 10 =$

$4 - 2 =$

$\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } 18 =$

$\text{Double } 10 =$

$\text{Double } 4 =$

$1 + 1 =$

$3 + 3 =$

$\text{Double } 5 =$

$18 - 9 =$

$14 - 7 =$

$\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } 14 =$

$6 + 6 =$

$\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } 2 =$

$4 + 3 =$

$5 + 1 =$

$8 - 2 =$

$9 - 7 =$

$4 + \square = 10$

$3 + \square = 9$

$7 - \square = 2$

$5 - \square = 1$

$\text{Double } 2 =$

$\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } 6 =$

$14 - 7 =$

$\text{Double } 1 =$

$12 - 6 =$

Strategies for solving these problems:

- Halves are the opposite of the doubles.
- $6 + 6 = 12$, so $\frac{1}{2}$ of $12 = 6$.